

Bangor Daily Whig & Courier.

PUBLISHED BY SMITH & SAYWARD, OVER THE KENDUSKEAG MARKET, BANGOR, ME.

VOL. X.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1844.

NO. 188.

Bangor Daily Whig and Courier is paid at Four Dollars a year, payable half yearly in advance, and all orders for discontinuance must be accompanied by the amount due.

Bangor Courier is published at the office of Daily Whig & Courier every Tuesday morning.

Two Dollars a year in advance, or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid within six months of the time of subscribing.

The publishers will not hold themselves responsible for any error that may occur, beyond the time charged for the advertisement.

Elisha Field, at the Mechanic's News, Boston, is Agent for this paper. Advertising left with him will be immediately forwarded.

LIST OF MAIIS, WHICH ARRIVE AT AND DEPART FROM THE BANGOR POST OFFICE.

STEAM, leaves every morning at 2, arrives every day from 9 to 11 A. M.

STEAM, leaves every morning at 6, arrives every day from 5 to 6 P. M.

STEAM, leaves every day at 1 P. M., arrives every day at 12 M.

STEAM, leaves every morning at 8, arrives every day (except Sunday) from 4 to 5 P. M.

STEAM, leaves every morning at 7, arrives every day from 5 to 7 P. M.

STEAM, leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 6, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 6 to 7, arrives Tuesday from 6 to 7.

EDDINGTON and GREAT WORKS, leaves Friday, via Eddington and Great Works, leaves Friday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 8, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 6 to 7 P. M.

STEAM, via Dexter, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 7, arrives Monday, Tuesday and Friday from 7 to 9 P. M.

STEAM, via Newport, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 7, arrives Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday from 5 to 6 P. M.

STEAM, via Sebec, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 7, arrives Monday, Tuesday and Saturday from 5 to 6 P. M.

STEAM, via Bradford, leaves Thursday morning, arrives Wednesday from 4 to 5 P. M.

STEAM, via Corinna, leaves Tuesday morning at 7, arrives Monday from 5 to 6 P. M.

STEAM, via Belfast, arrives at 9 P. M. except the Belfast, which at 12 P. M. arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sunday to 11 A. M.

C. K. MILLER, Post Master.

THE COLUMBIAN MAGAZINE, Edited by John Inman, commencing the first of January, 1844. Subscriptions received.

BUGBEE'S.

HOOL BOOKS—SCHOOL BOOKS. GOOD assortment of the above, just rec'd.

E. F. DUREN'S

Book Depository—No. 3, Smith's Block.

THE SICK HEADACHE.

THIS DISEASE is one from which arises more

every to the human family than is generally

not being directly fatal, it is often neglect-

ed, and often results to impair their genera-

lity, and often induces fatal diseases. The ar-

gentine Remedy, now

seems to have overcome these difficulties.

Its effects are most powerful and immediate

in attacking or keeping it off, it is so per-

fectly mild and innocent as to be used for infants

the greatest effect and safety. This has now

been tested by many of the highest members of

the community as to require no further proof.

For sale by G. W. LADD, A. P. GUILD, and

YOUNG, JR. & CO. formerly Holden's.

3dwd and wbm

BAR IRON AND STEEL.

Circular Saws; Blacksmithing and Composition

Castings; Machine Cards from one of the oldest

and most celebrated manufacturers in Mass.

All the above will be found equal in quality to

any in the market, and for sale on reasonable

terms.

July 18—w

LOOKING GLASS & PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTORY.

FAIRBANKS & HOLLAND,

PEARSON'S MILLS, BANGOR.

THE public are informed that we have estab-

lished a manufactory for making LOOKING

GLASS, PORTRAIT AND PICTURE

FRAMES of all sizes and varieties. We have

set up suitable machinery in all the branches of

the business by which much labor is saved and the price

of these rich and beautiful articles is greatly reduct-

ed, so that a fine article may now take the place of

coarse and ill looking ones, and at as low a price.

Large and elegant O. G and bevel frames, and

small bevel frames with rich mahogany veneer are

manufactured in such quantities that we are prepared

to answer, at short notice, all orders at

WHOLESALE.

By the hundred or thousand, at prices that cannot

but be satisfactory to dealers.

NEW frames fitted to Portraits, Looking Glass-

es, or Pictures, new glasses furnished and fitted

to old frames.

Dealers supplied with frames either with or

without glasses.

N. B. Orders respectfully solicited for single

frames or by the dozen; and as this is a new branch

of Home Manufacture to any extent, we trust the

public will be ready to encourage and support the

enterprise.

For the convenience of our city friends, orders

for frames of any kind may be left at the Hardware

store of DAVID MOSMAN on East Market Place.

Bangor, July 26, 1843—d&w44

BUSKSPORT HIGH SCHOOL,

AND CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

THIS SCHOOL, now in operation, will continue

permanently under the care of JOHN B. L.

SOULE, A. B., an experienced and successful In-

structor.

It will be the purpose of the Principal, and of

those who may be connected with him, to maintain

a school of the first rank—where, by means of a

thorough and progressive course of study, a uniform

and judicious discipline, and a careful vigilance over

the intellectual and moral habits of the pupils, the

young of both sexes may enjoy the greatest facilities

for acquiring a sound, practical education.

Thorough instruction will be given to young gentle-

men preparing for college, fitting them to enter

the Freshman, or advanced classes.

Terms of Tuition. For Common Studies,

\$4.00; For Higher Branches and Languages,

\$5.00.

Board may be procured on reasonable terms;

and permanent arrangements will soon be made, by

which pupils from abroad will be accommodated at

very favorable charges.

The Fall Term will commence September 11th,

and continue eleven weeks.

References.

REV. S. L. POMROY, { Bangor;

WM. ABBOT, Esq., {

J. G. DICKERSON, Esq., Prospect;

REV. S. TENNEY, Ellsworth;

WM. G. CHASE, Esq., { Bucksport.

REV. W. J. BREED, S.

August 15—wif

PENOBSCOT STOVE STORE.

NOYES & CO. are constantly receiving ad-

ditions to their extensive assortment of

STOVES, &c., and have now on hand the follow-

ing patterns. The Hampden Stove of six different

patterns as follows:

Hampden Stove 4 Boiler sheet iron elevated oven.

" 4 " cast "

" 4 " with two "

" 4 " old pattern low "

" 3 " cast iron elevated "

" 3 " sheet "

Empire Union 4 Vermont casting.

Improv. Yankee 3 " two sizes.

Parlor Cook 3 " two sizes.

Maine Farmer 4 " elevated oven with two fire

Chambers for summer or winter convenience.

Hathaway Hot air cook stoves.

Rox Stoves 5 sizes.

Fire Franes 7 "

Parlor Dining Stoves, several sizes.

Great number of these Wheels are now in op-

er and give in all cases entire satisfaction; and

notable like most other wheels to get out of

they are not obstructed by back water, when

they are diminished thereby; and the same

and speed is obtained, with about one half

quantity of water usually applied to wheels

in general use.

These Wheels are simple in their construction,

and durable, are easily put in operation, and

notable like most other wheels to get out of

they are not obstructed by back water, when

they are diminished thereby; and the same

and speed is obtained, with about one half

quantity of water usually applied to wheels

in general use.

They are determined to have their work well

done and to sell as cheap as any body.

PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER

BALANCES.

One of this firm, J. A. WOODBURY, will give par-

ticular attention to tuning and regulating Pianos,

and those favoring them with their patronage shall

have their Instruments tuned and regulated in the

most thorough and scientific manner. If not to

their satisfaction no charge will be made.

Terms for tuning \$1.00.

Refer. { Lord and Garrison,

James, { CHARLES SUNSHINE HILL, { Boston

May 26—daw wif

MAGAZINES FOR 1844!

GRAHAM'S Magazine and the

was considered sufficient authority, without resorting to the Department of State, and no delay occurred in the progress of the settlement; that I am aware of, but what arose from a small number of vouchers, not deemed satisfactory, and the defects of these being supplied by the Agent, the settlement was resumed and completed in what I thought a very short period, considering the nature of the claims presented.

Very respectfully, I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) S PLEASONTON
To the Hon DANIEL WEBSTER

[copy]

WASHINGTON, 30th January, 1844

My Dear Sir.—My attention has been called to a newspaper account of a report, made to the Legislature of Maine, by Mr S L Harris, Agent for that State for the settlement of its claims on the United States. This report, it is said, states that, "Mr Harris arrived in Washington on the 6th of April, and immediately called upon Mr Webster, then Secretary of State, whom he believed to be disposed to render every possible facility in carrying out the provisions of the Treaty." He states, however, that he was disappointed in this expectation—and adds that "the Secretary appeared disposed to embarrass rather than aid an equitable settlement of the claims of the State." Not thinking it "becoming the dignity or interest of Maine to solicit from Mr Webster any further action," Mr Harris waited until his resignation and then presented the Accounts to the Auditor for the Diplomatic Bureau, from whom they received immediate attention. He obtained the allowance of all the posse claims and expenses to the amount of \$215,044, all of which except \$110 has been paid.

As I am not aware of the least foundation for any such remark, I will thank you to state, whether, so far as you know, any obstacle or embarrassment was thrown in the way of the settlement of those claims by me, or in short, whether as Secretary of State, I had anything to do with the settlement of those claims, in any manner whatever.

The claims, you know, could only be properly presented to the Department of the Treasury, and there adjusted.

(Signed) DANIEL WEBSTER.
EDWARD STUBBS, Esq.
Accountant of the Department of State.

[copy]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

Washington, 30th January, 1844

DANIEL WEBSTER, Esq.

Dear Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of this date and in reply to it state, that I not only never knew of any obstacle or embarrassment interposed by you in the settlement of the claims of the State of Maine, under the Treaty with Great Britain, but that I cannot perceive how you could, as Secretary of State, have any interference in the business.

The act to provide for carrying into effect the Treaty with Great Britain, approved 3d March, 1843, made it the duty of the proper accounting officers of the Treasury, to audit it and pay the accounts of the State of Maine and Massachusetts, and appropriate money for that purpose. Previous to the passage of that act no action upon the accounts could take place. By it the Treasury Department and not the Department of State, was charged with the settlement.

I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,

(Signed) EDW STUBBS, Agent

DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

JOHN S. BAYARD, Editor

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEORGE EVANS,
OF MAINE

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE BALTIMORE
WHIG CONVENTION

IF SEE FIRST PAGE

A Course of Interesting and Important
Lectures.

Mr Purkitt will deliver his first lecture of a course of four or six lectures on the Intellectual, Moral, and Physical nature of man, at the New Court House, this evening. The information contained in these lectures, is highly important to every man who would know himself, and to every parent and teacher who would know the nature of these young immortals committed to their charge.

We would seriously advise our citizens generally, to give their attendance upon these lectures, as we feel assured that it is a long time since so good an opportunity has offered for obtaining so much really useful information in so short a time and at so cheap a rate. There is no class in the community that would not derive satisfaction from the course, and to all engaged in self-education they will be of incalculable benefit.

More good Music on the way.

The Bath Telegraph, excellent authority in the premises, has greatly raised our expectations by the publication in the last number of that paper of the following paragraph—"We understand that the BATH QUARTETTE Club intend taking a tour eastward as far as Bangor, by the way of Thomaston, Waldoboro' and Belfast, in the course of a few weeks. We hope our friends in the places they visit, will avail themselves of the privilege of hearing these excellent singers. Good judges of the science think they excel the last Ent repres, both in richness of tone, and in power. Turn out and hear for yourselves. Encourage 'domestic industry,' and rest assured you will not be disappointed. Therefore we trust these young men will meet with good reception in their endeavors to raise the standard of vocal music in the country."

The editor of the Gazette on Saturday gave quite a squint towards the doctrine of Free Trade, which we consider but another fact denoting a tendency towards Laissez-faire. When we get to truly over we will announce the fact, and until then shall consider him as making progress in that direction, without noticing each

Maryland Election.

An election for members of Congress took place in Maryland on Wednesday. In the 4th district, comprising the first eleven wards of Baltimore, Kennedy (whig) is elected by 583 majority. In the 3d district, comprising Baltimore county, part of the city, Carroll and of Anne Arundel counties, Wethered (whig) is reported elected, though this is very doubtful. Cousin [whig] is elected in the 1st district, and Spence, ditto in the 6th. Constable [loc] is supposed to be elected in the 5th.

Capture of a Slave.

The brig Wasp, just arrived at New York from Sierra Leone, having left that place fifty days since, reports that three weeks previous to her sailing, the British brig of war Rapid had captured a Brazilian slave, having on board two hundred and fifty slaves. The slaves were freed, and the vessel condemned, the British government allowing each of the crew a shilling a day to subsist on—a very scanty allowance.

Suppression of Licentiousness.

We perceive, from the proceedings of the New York Legislature, that Mr Allen, chairman of the committee on the Judiciary, has reported a bill, making seduction and adultery crimes, and punishable as such, and that ten times the usual number of copies of the report and bill were ordered to be printed.

The Clay Club of the town of Bolton, Mass a few days since prepared a huge sleigh capable of holding about a hundred persons, decorated it with evergreens, attached ten pair of fleet horses, and made a visit, by way of a jolly sleigh ride, to Boston. As the vehicle passed down state street the Bankers and Merchants there thought it was an avalanche from some pine forest and in attempting to 'get out of the way' were greeted with hearty cheers, which they enthusiastically returned.

Santa Ana has been proclaimed in the most formal manner Constitutional President of Mexico. Hitherto he has been the Provisional President, exercising extraordinary powers under the famed Basis of Tucabaya. These powers now devolve upon Congress, by a formal vote.

Weekly Courier.

Our enlarged weekly paper will be published this afternoon, at four cents a copy. It will contain a thrilling story of the Triumph of Virtue—an excellent article for merchants, on mercantile education—serious reading—poetry—a large amount of news, miscellany, and other good things to supply the mental appetite of the millions.

We learn that T H. Sandford, Esq. was nominated as a candidate for Mayor on Saturday evening last.

Mr Benjamin Gross, a Revolutionary soldier, at North Bucksport, on Wednesday last, fell down and instantly expired. His age was about 87 years.

Freights.

We have noticed for some time past that the transactions in European freights were almost entirely confined to foreign vessels, as American ships were refusing the current rates. Yesterday the market was entirely unsettled in the foreign department, particularly to Liverpool, and we can give no rate at the moment. In coastwise freights a further material advance has taken place for heavy articles.

[New Orleans Price Current, Feb 9]

Clay Club at Orono.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier:

The Mill boys of Orono having determined to give a good, round, hearty majority to the "Mill boy of the Slashes of Old Hanover," as a means of accomplishing their purpose, organized about two weeks ago a Clay Club for the purpose of disseminating political information, and ensuring a vigorous and successful prosecution of the campaign of '44. The following officers were elected:

ASA W BABCOCK, President
ISAAC SANBORN, Vice Presidents
E PERKINS, Jr., L R WEEKS, Secretary
E P BUTLER, Treasurer
G MAYO, A STARRETT, N TREAT, S H JOY, Directors
SAM L WHITE, LUDO THAYER, ALEX ROGERS,

Last evening we were favored with an introductory address from Gov Kent. It was an exceedingly able, interesting and well timed performance. He discussed principally upon the subject of Protection to American Labor, and particularly as affecting the lumbering and agricultural interests of Maine. Addressed like this, setting forth clearly and candidly, the views of the Whig party on the most important subject, cannot be made too frequently, and we would earnestly recommend to our brethren in the several towns in the county to do as we have done.

Orono, Feb 17, 1844. W.

WASHINGTON, Feb 13

In the Senate after despatching the usual amount of private business, the Senate, on motion of Mr Allen, took up the bill for refunding the sum imposed on Gen Jackson. The bill was considered and passed over until to-morrow.

Mr Huntington resumed the discussion on, and concluded a speech which reflected much credit upon his research and ability.

The Senate adj.

In the House, the debate was resumed upon the General ticket subject.

Mr Davis of Ky, then took the floor, and made a spirited defence of the law and the Constitution under which it was framed.

Mr Douglass, of Ill, had the floor at the adjournment.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb 14

In Senate, Mr Allen again called up the bill to refund the sum imposed upon Gen Jackson.

The bill was read a third time, and passed

Mr Barrow called up the bill appropriating \$2000 for the survey of the mouth of Red River, and after some explanatory remarks by Mr B, the bill was passed.

In House—Mr Douglass took the floor in defense of his report, and we are sorry to say, spoke in 1847 bad taste! He made an attack, rather personal than argumentative, in reply to Mr Barnard of N Y. The Whig members were arraigned for making this a party question.

The main question was ordered to be now put by a vote of 128 to 64.

This question being ordered, the House decided to adopt Mr Drougoode's resolutions by a vote of 127 to 57.

Several members among whom was then Messrs Adams, Schenck, Vinton, Clingman, Heiser, Leiser, and Campbell, asked to be excused from voting, and assigned their reasons.

Great confusion ensued for some time, finally the vote was taken on the first resolution, (in right of the members from the twenty two districts of the United States,) and it was decided in the affirmative by 138 to 2.

Mr Drougoode insisted that the question should be taken separately upon the right of each individual member.

The vote was then taken on each of the members sitting from N Hampshire, and they were several admitted and so of the others.

Military Matters.

Our friends of the Kennebec Journal desire us to publish the project of a law which the military Convention, recently held at Augusta, recommended the Legislature to pass, together with their comments thereon, which called for the disapprobation of 'A member of the Convention,' in our daily paper of the 8th inst. That ample justice may be done our friends, we cheerfully comply with their request, and therefore insert the following

Resolved, Unanimously, that we memorialize the Honorable Legislature, now in session, to enact the following special project of law, to meet such exigencies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, That if any town or company of militia, in any town within this State, shall neglect, or refuse to do duty in accordance with the Laws of the State, governing the same—it shall be the duty of any Brigadier General or Colonels of Regiments, commanding such disaffected districts, to order into the service of the State, at a moment's warning, any number of troops within their respective commands, that may be necessary to enforce the laws and promote good order, and to be quartered on, and paid by the town thus notifying, agreeably to the pay and rations governing the army.

And if any Brigadier General or commanding officer of any Regiment on whom such duty devolves, as is herein provided, shall neglect or refuse to call out the troops, and carry into effect this law, he or they shall pay such fine, and suffer such other penalty as a general Court Martial shall inflict. It shall be the duty of the Division Advocates to prefer charges and carry out the provisions of this special act, agreeably to the provisions of law, prescribing their duty in the Militia law of the State.

To the Hon Senate and House of Representatives, in Legislature assembled, the undersigned, in behalf of the Military Convention, now assembled, present the doings of the same, as the memorial of the convention.

WM TRIPP, Chairman of Com.

Upon this project of law the Journal thus remarked—

"We are not apprehensive that the Legislature will pass such a law, or indeed any law with similar features. Before such a law could be constitutionally passed, Sections 17, 18 and 21 of the Bill of Rights, and Sec 12, Art 12 of the Constitution would have to be erased from that instrument. We are surprised that any intelligent body of men, as we suppose these officers to be, should have adopted a resolve so despotic, contrary to the spirit of republican institutions, and to the express letter of the Constitution of the State. The proposed law would clothe the Brigadier Generals and Colonels with a power above an' beyond that of the Chief Magistrate—a power of creating a civil war at their discretion. The Governor of the State has no arbitrary power to call the militia out. His authority is wholly confined within constitutional proportions, but this law would give the Brigadier Generals and Colonels a power which the Commander-in-Chief does not himself possess. We should like to inquire of these officers if they have adopted a resolve so despotic, contrary to the spirit of republican institutions, and to the express letter of the Constitution of the State. The proposed law would clothe the Brigadier Generals and Colonels with a power which the Commander-in-Chief does not himself possess. We should like to inquire of these officers if they have adopted a resolve so despotic, contrary to the spirit of republican institutions, and to the express letter of the Constitution of the State. The proposed law would clothe the Brigadier Generals and Colonels with a power which the Commander-in-Chief does not himself possess. We should like to inquire of these officers if they have adopted a resolve so despotic, contrary to the spirit of republican institutions, and to the express letter of the Constitution of the State. The proposed law would clothe the Brigadier Generals and Colonels with a power which the Commander-in-Chief does not himself possess. 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B. and P. C. and R. R. CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, Oct. 23d., the Cars will make three trips a day as follows:

Leave Bangor, at 7 o'clock, A. M.
" 12 " M.
" 4 " P. M.
Leave Oldtown, at 21 " A. M.
" 2 " P. M.
" 5 "

FARE REDUCED.

First class Cars to Oldtown 38cts.
Forward " 30 " which is 25 per cent. less than former rates.

E. HARRIS, Superintendent.

Oct. 21st 1843.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, PORTLAND.

The Subscriber, who has kept the Merchants' Exchange in Bangor, for the last 5 years, takes pleasure in informing his friends and former customers, and the public generally, that he has taken a lease of the U. S. Hotel, in Portland, and is sparing no pains or expense in fitting it up and furnishing it, in a style that will, for comfort, convenience and neatness, equal if not surpass that of any Hotel in the country. He is now ready to accommodate in a satisfactory manner, all who may call upon him, and will continue to add in furniture and other important requisites of ornament and use, until the establishment is completely renovated.

He has every thing now that the traveler can ask in the way of beds and bedding, food and fuel; yet he intends to do more, and before the spring opens, his arrangements to make a public house what it should be, will be completed.

Fires are kept through the night and proper attendants always at hand to wait upon travelers. Meals may be had at any hour of the night or day. This arrangement is admirably adapted to the comfort of passengers arriving in the eastern stages during the night. They may depend on finding every thing suited to their wants, "at any time of night."

Carriages always in attendance, to convey passengers to and from the Depot.

The public are invited to give him a call and try his fare.

Portland, Feb. 3, 1844. W. L. LADD.

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DR. TAYLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVERWORT.

PRICE REDUCED.

D. R. TAYLOR'S Balsam of Liverwort, from 375 Bowery, New York—for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Catarrhs, Asthma, Soreness of the Chest, Pain in the side and Breast, raising of Blood, Liver complaint, Bronchitis, and all those infections of Throat and Lungs which are a source of so much suffering and unrelieved, so often terminate in Consumption—this remedy is highly and justly distinguished. It is purely vegetable, mild and gentle in its effects upon the system, and can be taken in the most delicate cases, with safety as well as utility. Physicians, aware of its medicinal properties, and witnessing its effects even in extreme and in some instances apparently almost hopeless cases, often prescribe it in their practice, both as a palliative and a remedy, and with the Medical Faculty generally it has met with great approbation.

CONSUMPTION.—The following remarks were taken from the last number of the Medical Magazine.

The surprising effect produced by the genuine Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, made at 375 Bowery, in consumptive cases, cannot fail exciting a deep and thrilling interest throughout the world. We have so long considered this disease (consumption) incurable, that it is difficult to credit our sensations when we see persons, evidently consumptive, restored to health. Yet it is a fact of daily occurrence.

Certificates from the highest and most respectable sources, or persons who have been either greatly relieved by it, or entirely recovered from affections of the Lungs and Liver, could be furnished in abundance, but we insert only the following CERTIFICATE.

Liver Complaint and General Dility. I was given up by two physicians, and told to prepare for death. I was so weak I could not raise my hand to my head. I was in this low state, when a friend sent me a bottle of Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, from 375 Bowery, and before I had used up the bottle, I was able to sit up in bed. By the further use I have completely regained my health.

GEO. WELLS, 23 John-st.

For a common cold and cough, this is one of the very best remedies ever discovered.

N. B. There is a spurious and counterfeit article afloat; therefore be careful to get the genuine, which is from 375 Bowery, N. Y., and is for sale by

G. W. LADD, Agent, Bangor.
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REDUCTION FOURFOLD IN PRICES—OR NOTHING.

A N article that every family must consider indispensable, when they know its power and value and which has heretofore been sold too high to bring it to all classes, has now been reduced fourfold in price, with a view that rich and poor, high and low, and in fact every human being may enjoy its comforts; and all who get it shall have the price returned to them if they are not delighted with its use. We assert, without the possibility of contradiction, that all burns and scalds, every external sore, old or fresh, and all external pains and aches, no matter where, shall be reduced to compunction by it in five minutes—saving life, limb or scat-

No burn can be fatal if this is applied, unless the vital parts are destroyed by the accident. It is truly

magical, to appearance, in its effects. Enquire for "Counselor's Magic Pain Extractor," at Comstock & Co's., 21 Cortland street. Price 25 cents, or four times as much for 50 cents, and ten times as much for \$1.

For sale by G. W. LADD, and A. P. GUILD. nov. 9. 3twd and w6m.

REMOVAL.

J. W. LAWREY, has removed his Oyster

and Refreshment Establishment to the New Store adjoining W. T. Pearson's, opposite Mercantile Square.

Grateful for past favors, he would inform his old customers and the public in general, that he has made extensive arrangements in New York and Boston, for constant supply of first rate, fresh Oysters; which he would be happy to furnish Wholesale and Retail, at prices to suit the times.

His Table will be constantly supplied (as usual,) with a good variety of Refreshments.

Bangor, Oct. 6, 1843. 5t

THE PILES AND ALL SORES.

H AYS LINIMENT is known now to thousand as a most extraordinary remedy for these afflictions. It is impossible to tell in a newspaper, in such a manner, as to obtain full credence, the effects and benefits of this article, so general is the practice of advertisers of extolling articles of no merit. Such personal reference will be given, as to bring conviction to the minds of the most unfeeling. Will sufferers only ask among their friends, if they have not heard or known its effects; and if they do not hear it more warmly praised than any other salve, let them not get it.

All fancy or exaggeration is positively excluded from the statements, and it is determined to say nothing of its merits, but what could be fully proved by a host of witnesses, in any court of justice.

Will you look at the thing, and the proofs where it may be had at G. W. LADD'S. A. P. GUILD'S, and A. YOUNG, Jr. & Co. formerly Holden's.

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